

Wirobond® M+

Processing information for CAD/CAM-produced restorations



Partners in Progress

Wirobond® M+

Wirobond[®] M+ is a veneerable cobalt base alloy for the milling process. It is manufactured by BEGO Bremer Goldschlägerei. Restorations made of Wirobond[®] M+ are characterised by a perfect fit with filigree, smooth surfaces and occlusal surfaces. The Wirobond[®] M+ restorations produced by BEGO Medical thus ensure metal frames of unbeatable quality. CAD/CAM products manufactured by BEGO Medical are custom products for individual patients. These are used to produce prosthetic restorations. Restorations made of Wirobond® M+ are corrosion resistant, biocompatible and offer outstanding accuracy of fit.

Indications

Single-tooth and bridge restorations, such as:

- Frames for partially and fully veneered solutions with up to 16 units
- Telescopic primary crowns
- Bars for implantology
- Occlusally screw-retained bridges



Occlusally screw-retained bridge made of Wirobond® M+

Contraindications

Undesirable biological (such as allergies to alloy components) or electrochemically based reactions can occur in isolated cases. Wirobond[®] M+ restorations are contraindicated in case of known incompatibilities or known allergies to alloy components.

Wall thicknesses/CAD wax-up

To achieve the clinically necessary stability, the wall thickness of the objects following final processing/preparation of the frame surfaces for ceramic veneering should be at least 0.3 mm at all times. The parameters have been set in the DentalDesigner software from 3shapeTM so that, on completion, the wall thicknesses of the objects are at least 0.40 mm.

The wall thickness should be increased at critical points on the objects, e.g., at the transition between a connector and a terminal pontic.

Connector design

The design of the connector is based on the size and indication of the restoration to be inserted. A distinction is made between anterior and posterior bridges. A connector cross section of at least 7 mm² (height: min. 3.5. mm, width: min 2.5 mm) must be maintained. The connector cross section must be increased for posterior bridges, large bridges with a large number of pontics or successive pontics and/or restorations with a terminal pontic. Connector stability is achieved more through height than width. The stability of the restoration can be increased up to eight-fold by doubling the height.

Finishing of objects

The manufactured Wirobond[®] M+ objects do not need to be completely finished as the surface has not been soiled by investment material, for example. Only sharp edges and corners should be rounded off and the margins should be tapered off to protect the gingival margin.

Soldering

For soldering we recommend: Fix the parts to be soldered in place (e.g., with Bellatherm[®] soldering investment material REF 51105), soldering gap with parallel walls: max. 0.2 mm. Use a suitable BEGO flux (e.g., Minoxyd REF 52530). Following the soldering, the flux residue and metal oxides must be sandblasted and the surfaces should be cleaned with a steam blaster or by boiling in distilled water.

We recommend for soldering before the ceramic firing with the flame: Wirobond® solder (REF 52622)

Laser welding

For laser welding we recommend: Where possible, work with a X seam and filler alloy. Please consult the instructions for use and information on hazards provided by the device manufacturer!

Use fine-toothed carbide cutters for finishing. Warning! Keep milling separate! If you use coolants/lubricants when milling, their residues must subsequently be completely removed. **Important:** Do not rework abutment interfaces!

Note: Due to the low thermal conductivity of the BEGO nonprecious alloys, the required soldering temperature in the object is achieved considerably later than with precious metals. **Important:** Objects with implant interfaces must not be soldered!

• Recommended laser wire: Wiroweld (REF 50003, REF 50005)

Oxide firing

No oxide firing is necessary. This firing can, however, be performed to check the surface. The oxide must then always be sandblasted off (250 μ m/3–4 bar with e.g., Korox[®] 250; REF 46014). Ensure that the frames are supported appropriately during firing.

Then clean them thoroughly with a steam blaster or by boiling in distilled water. After this step, do not touch the surfaces with your hands any more. Use arterial clamps or similar. Important: For abutments and implant-supported, screw-retained

bridges ceramic firings must not be carried out!

Firing chart for oxide firing (if required)						
Starting temperature °C	Temperature rise °C/min.	Vacuum start °C	Final temperature °C	Temperature hold time min.		
500	100	550	900	5		

*The temperatures stated are guide values and may have to be adapted for different furnace ratings.

Sand blasting

The surfaces to be veneered should be blasted with Korox[®] 250 (250 μ m blasting material) at 3–4 bar using the pencil blaster (do not use a circulatory sandblaster!) directly before the ceramic veneering. When blasting, ensure that the crown margins are not damaged. The frame must be cleaned thoroughly before applying

Frame design/ceramic veneering

The frames are anatomically reduced for the ceramic veneering; sharp edges must be avoided at all costs.

All conventionally available metal-to-ceramics and press-to-metal ceramics with appropriate CTE values as per ISO 9693-1 are suitable.

The layer thicknesses of the veneering ceramic (1.5-2 mm) should not be exceeded. If the layer thicknesses of the veneering ceramic are too great, internal tension may be created due to the individual sintering processes. Ensure that the frames are also

Composite veneering

The corresponding manufacturers' instructions must be taken into consideration when working with acrylic veneering systems.

supported adequately during firing. Prolonged cooling is recommended with ceramic firings up to 600°C or 4 min.

the first layer of matrix. After cleaning, hold the objects with arte-

rial clamps and do not touch them with your hands again.

Important: Do not rework abutment interfaces!

Note: It is imperative to follow the instructions for use supplied by the ceramic manufacturer. The ceramic manufacturer's specific firing recommendations must be followed when fusing non-precious alloys.

Important: The cast-on-technique is not applicable for Wirobond $\ensuremath{^{\circledast}}$ M+.

Finishing and polishing

Following the ceramic glaze firing the oxide is removed by blasting the inside of the crowns with Korox® 50 (50 μm) using a pencil blaster.

Metal objects which have not been veneered need to be ground, rubber-polished and polished. To simplify the rubber-polishing, the appropriate surfaces can be blast polished with Perlablast[®] micro (REF 46092, lead-free sodium glass). Then they should be rubber-polished with suitable rubber polishers and then polished with suitable preliminary and subsequent polishing compounds. The blue BEGO Co-Cr polishing compound (REF 52310) or the Diapol diamond polishing compound (REF 52305) are suitable for the high-lustre polishing.

Then the surfaces must be cleaned thoroughly with a steam blaster or by boiling in distilled water.

Preparation

Generally speaking, anatomically reduced preparation should be performed and the conventional preparation guidelines apply.

Cementing

There are many factors which can influence the decision about which type of cementing to employ, for example the cost and time factors, the geometry of the tooth stump and certain biological or mechanical complications. For this reason, it is not possible to formulate a clear recommendation for the fixation at this point.

Conventional

In principle, restorations made from Wirobond[®] M+ can be cemented in the conventional manner using zinc phosphate or glass ionomer cements.

Experience has shown that conventional zinc-phosphate cements have the disadvantage of requiring lower removal forces compared with glass ionomer cements.

Adhesive

In the case of limited stump retention, adhesive fixation of the restoration is advantageous.



Veneered 3-unit bridge made of Wirobond® M+

Wirobond[®] M+ composition and physical data

Chemical composition in % by weight		
Co	63.8	
Cr	24.8	
W	5.3	
Мо	5.1	
Si	1.0	

Alloy characteristics				
Type (according to ISO 22674)	4			
Density	8.6	g/cm ³		
0.2% elongation limit (R_p 0.2)	415/390*	MPa		
Tensile strength (Rm)	965/910*	MPa		
Hardness (HV 10)	290/285*			
Ductile yield (A _o)	35/29*	%		
Modulus of elasticity	235/240*	GPa		
Highest recommended firing temperature	980	°C		
Coefficient of thermal expansion (RT - 500°C)	14.4 x 10 ⁻⁶	K-1		
Coefficient of thermal expansion (RT - 600 °C)	14.6 x 10 ⁻⁶	K-1		
BEGO colour code	8	(white)		
Corrosion resistance				
Immersion test according to ISO 10271 <		µg/cm² in 7 days		

(*milled/after ceramic firing)

Note

Restorations are custom products in accordance with Directive 93/42/EEC.

Wirobond® M+ is a veneerable cobalt base alloy and complies with ISO 22674 and ISO 9693-1.

For abutments and implant-supported, screw-retained bridges ceramic firings must not be carried out.

Because of their different designs, ceramic furnaces may differ in their firing conditions. It is imperative to take this fact into consideration and it is the user's responsibility to seek clarification on this point. The firing temperatures given are only guidelines.

Please report any occurrences when using Wirobond® M+ restorations to BEGO Medical GmbH and the responsible bodies.

Warnings

Metal dust is harmful to health. Grinding and blasting should be performed below a suitable extraction unit. We recommend wearing respiratory protection of the type FFP3-EN149.

Precautionary information

In the case of approximal or occlusal contact with other metals, electrochemically based reactions may occur in isolated cases. No findings concerning the safety and efficacy of treatments on children or pregnant/breastfeeding mothers are available. Wirobond[®] M+ can disrupt the evaluation of MRI scans.

Side effects

No side effects of Wirobond[®] M+ are known. However, it cannot be ruled out that individual reactions (e.g., allergies or incompatibilities) to components of Wirobond[®] M+ may occur in isolated cases. In this case, Wirobond[®] M+ restorations should not be used further.

Warranty

Our recommendations for use, whether given verbally, in writing, or by practical instruction, are based upon our own experience and trials and can therefore only be regarded as guidelines. Our products are subject to continuous development. We thus reserve the right to make modifications in design, appearance and materials without notice.

Labelling

Manufacturer

Use

For professional use only

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