Checklist for designing Partial Dentures Frameworks using WIRONIUM® RP



Please ensure when designing your partial framework that you have taken the following points into account before sending your file to BEGO.

General parameters

- Smooth the model for easy insertion of the sublingual bar
- Block out the model with a blockout angle of at least 2°
- · Adequately size the connections between the components based on your technical assessment
- Design the sublingual bar so that it sits flush; if necessary, set the bar distance to "zero"
- Retention pins were reinforced at the connection and firmly waxed onto the retentions
- Edges and uneven surfaces have been smoothed please pay attention to the wall thickness
- For stippled sheets, select medium or coarse stippling
 - 3Shape*: "medium" or "coarse"
 - exocad*: "leather coarse" or "coarse"
- As part of the designing, the material removed by finishing work and polishing is taken into account design approx. 0.1 mm thicker
- Do not attach stabilizing connections or bars
- Do not place support structures BEGO places these individually
- Design retentions thicker, particularly when designing with exocad; close any holes in the retention mesh
- The stated material thicknesses are guidelines that must be individually adapted depending on the design/construction
- The minimum thickness of the base is ≥ 0.6 mm for a smooth base at least ≥0.7 mm

* This symbol is a commercial designation/registered trademark of a company which is not part of the BEGO company group.

Pictures and illustrations are exemplary. Colors, symbols, design, and information on the labels and/or packaging shown may differ from reality.



Clasp size (height × width in mm) relative to DME and exocad library for all elements

3 Clasp shoulder*	4 Clasp arm*	5 Clasp terminal*	🕖 Clasp rest	8 Retention arm
1.5 × 2.0	1.3 × 2.0	1.2×1.5		
1.8 × 2.0	1.5 × 2.0	1.2×1.5		
1.5 × 2.0	1.3 × 2.0	1.2×1.5		
1.5 × 2.0	1.3 × 2.0	1.2×1.5		
1.8 × 2.0	1.5 × 2.0	1.2×1.5		
	1.2×1.5	1.2×1.5	1.2×1.5	≥ 1.5 mm
2.0 × 2.5 mm				
2.0 × 2.5 mm				
\geq 0.6 mm (do not design the edges tapering, avoid feather edges)				
	<pre>3 Clasp shoulder* 1.5 × 2.0 1.8 × 2.0 1.5 × 2.0 1.5 × 2.0 1.8 × 2.0</pre>	O Clasp shoulder* O Clasp arm* 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 ≥ 0.6 mm (do not design	Clasp shoulder* Clasp arm* Clasp terminal* 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 2.0×2.5 mm 2.0×2.5 mm (do not design the edges tapering, ≥ 0.6 mm (do not design the edges tapering,	③ Clasp shoulder* ④ Clasp arm* ⑤ Clasp terminal* ⑦ Clasp rest 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.5×2.0 1.3×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 1.2×1.5 1.8×2.0 1.5×2.0 1.2×1.5 2.0×2.5 mm 2.0×2.5 mm 2.0×2.5 mm ≥ 0.6 mm (do not design the edges tapering, avoid feather edges) $1.5 \times 1.5 \times 1.5$



 $^{*}\,$ The stated clasp thicknesses are guidelines that must be individually adapted depending on the design.

** Depending on the retention profiles used

Pictures and illustrations are exemplary. Colors, symbols, design, and information on the labels and/or packaging shown may differ from reality.